

Primary Mathematics



Contents

September Chapter 1: Number work6 Equivalent sets......7 Joining sets......9 Sharing sets......10 Rearranging sets......11 Chapter 2: Bigger numbers14 Revising 3-digit numbers......15 Working with thousands......16 Grouping objects......17 Writing numbers in different ways......19 More working with 4-digit numbers21 Counting on......23 Number lines.....24 Counting in bigger numbers......26 Comparing and ordering numbers.....27 More comparing and ordering......28 Ordinal numbers......30 More ordinals......31 Chapter 3: Length...... 34 Longer and shorter......35 Centimetres......39 Measuring paths......40 Metres......42 Measuring at home......44 Centimetres and metres......46 **October** Chapter 4: Working with numbers 48 Working mentally......49 Rounding to the nearest ten.....50 Rounding to the nearest hundred......51 Rounding to the nearest thousand......52 Estimating answers.....54 Different ways of adding......55 Regrouping......57 Ways of subtracting......58

Subtraction practice......59

	Subtraction with regrouping	60
	Inverse operations	
	Lunch orders	63
	Measurement problems	64
	More problem solving	66
	Constructing problems	67
	Chapter 5: Length and perimeter	. 69
	Longer and shorter	70
	Differences in lengths	71
	Measuring perimeter	73
	Calculating perimeter	74
	Perimeter around me	76
	Drawing polygons using perimeter	77
	November	
	Chapter 6: Fractions and other numbers	
	Factors and products	
	Prime numbers and factors	
	Prime factors	
	Parts of a whole	
	Fractions	87
	Proper and improper fractions	
	Mixed numbers and improper fractions	89
	More fractions greater than 1	91
	Equivalent fractions	92
	More equivalent fractions	93
	Calculating equivalent fractions	94
	Practise making equivalent fractions	95
	Simplifying fractions	97
	Ordering unit fractions	98
	Fractions with the same denominators	99
	Cupcakes in a box	.101
	Chapter 7: Measuring distances	103
	Kilometres	104
	Choosing units of lengths	106
	Distances between places	.107
(Chapter 8: Patterns and shapes	109
•	Identifying shapes	
	Triangles	
	Quadrilaterals	

Circles	114	Multiplication facts	164
Draw circles	115	Multiplication tables	166
Right-angled triangles	116	Fives and tens	167
Create your own patterns	118	Multiples of 10	169
Repeating number patterns	119	Multiplying α 2-digit number	170
Number patterns	120	More multiplying 2-digit numbers	171
Make your own number machines	121	Friendly numbers	
Chapter 9: Bar graphs	123	Multiplying in columns	174
Reading bar graphs		Multiplying 3-digit numbers	175
Draw a bar graph		Multiplication practice	176
Drawing bar graphs		Two-step problems	177
Bar graph challenge		Echany	
		February	
December		Chapter 14: Division	
Chapter 10: Problem solving		Partitioning	
Puzzles and problems		Half of a set	
Maths crossword		Repeat subtraction	
Word problems		Multiply or divide?	
Missing and extra data	134	Dividing bigger numbers	
Problem-solving strategies		Remainders	
Drawing a picture	136	Division with carrying	
More problem solving	137	Chapter 15: Mass	191
Using <, > and =	138	Units of mass	
Estimating and choosing strategies	139	Grams or kilograms	
More problem solving	140	Estimating mass	
Chapter 11: Time	142	Estimating and measuring	
Days of the week	143	Ordering and comparing	196
The calendar	144	Problem solving	197
Weeks and months	145	Chapter 16: Shapes around me	199
Talking about age	146	Naming and describing shapes	200
Calculating age	148	Name and describe	201
Chapter 12: Dozens	150	Similar and different shapes	203
Products by the dozen		More exploring shapes	204
More products			
Half-dozen and quarter-dozen		March	
Problem solving		Chapter 17: More division and	
Dozens challenge		multiplication	206
		Multiplying and dividing	207
January		Multiplication tables	209
Chapter 13: Multiplication	158	Multiplication city	210
Repeat addition and multiplication		A bigger multiplication city	
Multiplying on α number line		Organising facts on a table	212
Columns and rows		Products and factors	213
Arrays	163	Times table practice	214

Division practice	215	May	
Find unknown products and factors	216	Chapter 23: Number operations	268
Half of a number	217	Number operations	
One third of a number	218	Which operation?	
What fraction is it?	219	Division problems	
More about remainders	220	·	
Remainders at the pet shop	221	Adding fractions	
Dividing bigger numbers	222	More adding fractionsSubtracting fractions	
Practising long division	223	3	
Chapter 18: Polygons	225	Subtracting a fraction from a whole numbe	
Lines		Chapter 24: Capacity	
Drawing and naming line segments		How much does it hold?	
Naming polygons		Litres and millilitres	
Building polygons		Estimating and measuring capacity	
		Keeping hydrated	285
Chapter 19: Number patterns		Chapter 25: Symmetry	288
Shape patterns		Lines of symmetry	289
From shapes to numbers		Folding to find symmetry	290
Multiplication patterns		Paper snowflakes	291
More number patterns	237	Chapter 26: Probability	293
April		Talking about probability	
Chαpter 20: Money	240	Possible outcomes	
Notes and coins		Experiments and outcomes	297
How much is it worth?		Sweets in a bag	298
Making amounts			
Making change		June	
Problem solving		Chapter 27: Multiplication and division	300
		Arrays	301
Minutes and hours		Revising multiplication and division facts	302
Time on the clock		Grid arrays	304
How long does it take?		More number patterns	305
Elapsed time		Problem solving	
Calculating times		More problem solving	308
My activities		Writing problems, solving and checking	309
		Chapter 28: Temperature	311
Chapter 22: Statistics		Measuring temperature	312
Pictographs		Temperatures around us	313
Bar graphs		Talking about temperature	314
Reading a bar graph		More temperatures	316
Collecting data		Estimating and recording	
Representing data	265	Taking your own measurements	319

September

1 Number work

In this chapter you will:

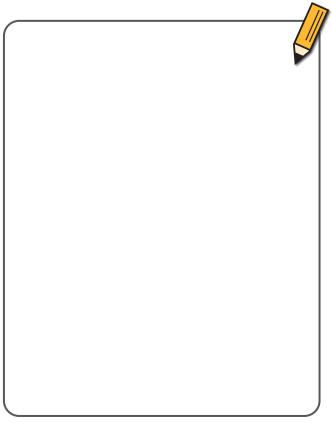
- understand sets
- compare sets
- identify equivalent sets
- work with sets in a variety of ways.

Key words set member equivalent

Starting point

1 Draw some of the different shapes you can see in this mosaic.

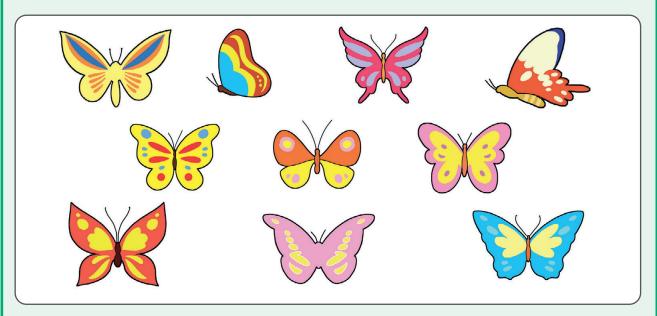




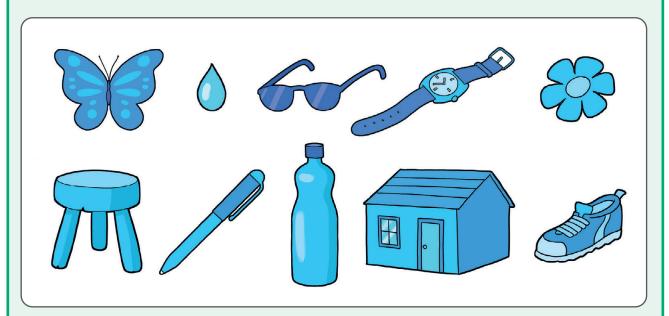
- **2** Find two different kinds of triangles in the mosaic. Draw over them with a crayon to show where you found them.
- 3 Tell a partner:
 - **a** the names of the shapes you see in each triangle
 - **b** how you could sort the shapes into sets in different ways.

Equivalent sets

In mathematics, any group of objects, shapes or numbers is known as a **set**. Things that belong in a set are called **members** of the set. Sometimes the members in the set are all the **same**. Sometimes they are different, but they have been grouped together.

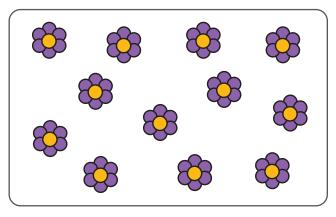


a set of 10 butterflies



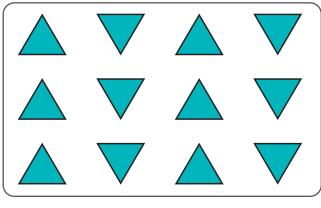
a set of 10 blue things

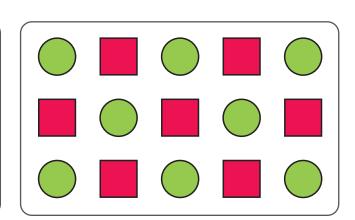
Sets that have the same number of members are called **equivalent sets**. 'Equivalent' means the same. It only tells us about the number of members in the set, not about what they are.



10 20 70 40 60 90 80 100 30

Set A Set B





Set C Set D

1 Describe what each set shows.

α Set A:

b Set B:

c Set C:

d Set D:

2 Complete the statements comparing the sets.

a Set is the greatest because it has the most members.

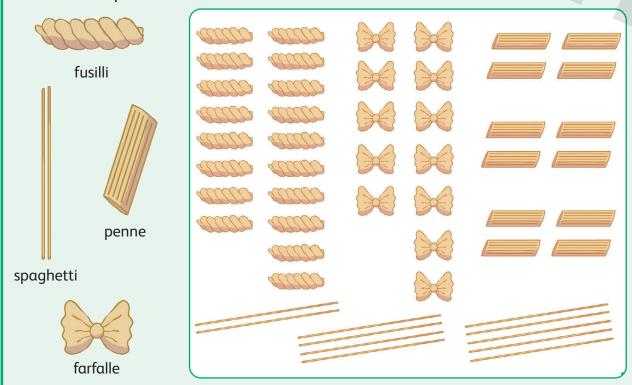
b Set has fewer members than set

c Set and Set are equivalent sets.

3 Amanda says that Set D only has 2 members: circles and squares. What is her mistake?

Joining sets

Pasta comes in many different shapes. In this picture, you can see the following different shapes:



Look at the picture and complete the statements.

- 1 a There are two sets of fusilli. One set has members and the other has members.
 - **b** If you joined together both sets of fusilli, you would have one set of fusilli pieces with ____ members.
- There are two sets of farfalle. One set has members and the other has members. Together, they would make a bigger set of pieces.
- 3 How many sets of spaghetti pieces do you see?
 - **a** Explain to a partner how you counted them.
 - **b** About how many pieces of spaghetti do you count in the picture?
- 4 How are the penne pieces arranged? Describe the groups and the total number of pieces.
- 5 What is the total number of pasta pieces in the picture? Explain to a partner how you worked it out.

Sharing sets

Sometimes we **share** sets to make smaller equivalent sets. You learned about this last year when you did division.

Real-life maths activity Here are three sets of eggs. Which set of eggs is difficult to count? Why? Which set has the greatest number of eggs? Explain how you know. b Mrs Cotton-Jones buys the blue tray of eggs. She uses 4 eggs each C morning for breakfast. After how many days will she need to buy another tray? d The basket contains 23 eggs. How long would this last Mrs Cotton-Jones? How many eggs would she have left on the last day? How many eggs will you have if you buy 5 green trays? e 2 Draw a set of 16 shapes, objects or numbers. Show two different ways that you can share them into smaller equivalent sets.

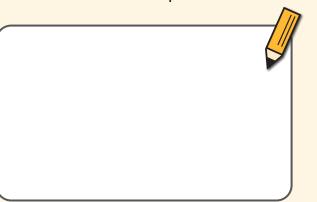


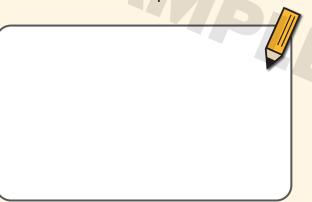
Rearranging sets

Rearranging sets		
? Problem solving		
	0000000	
Set C Set D Set C Set D Set C and Set D have different numbers of members. Katy wants to rearrange them into two equivalent sets, Set E and Set F. She does it like this:		
Set E Draw a different way that Katy could have arranged the colours into equivalent sets.		
2 Set A and Set B each have triangles, circles and squares.		
Set A Set B Work with a partner. Arrange the members from the two sets into three new sets that are all equivalent.		

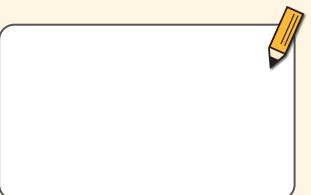
What I have learned

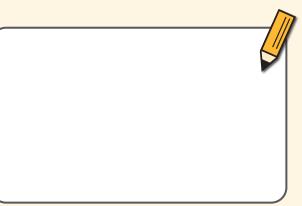
1 Draw a set of shapes and a set of numbers. Make them equivalent sets.





2 Matthew has a set of 100 envelopes, a set of 60 holiday-themed notecards, a set of 20 thank-you cards and a set of 20 blank cards. How would you make these sets into two equivalent sets?





3 Write the members of these sets.

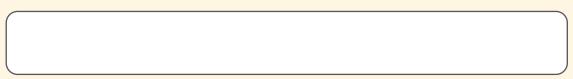
a Set A = a set of whole numbers greater than 0 and smaller than 21



b Set B = α set of 2-digit numbers that end with 0



c Set C = a set of numbers greater than 50 and less than 71



4	Use	the sets from Exercise 3.
	α	Complete: Set is equivalent to set because
	b	Write the numbers that belong in both Set A and Set B.
5	Find Set	the sum of the greatest number in Set A and the smallest number in C.
	••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	••••	
6	poss part	ny says that if two sets both have an odd number of members, it is sible to rearrange them into two equivalent sets. Explore this with a ner and try to work out whether Jenny is correct and why. Write or draw e of your ideas here.



Primary Mathematics



Make maths fun, attainable and relevant with a series specifically designed for Jamaica's National Standards Curriculum by an expert team of authors in consultation with Jamaican educators.

- Enter new topics with exciting chapter openers and Starting point activities to determine prior knowledge and learning readiness.
- Develop analytical skills with features such as Problem solving and Real-life maths activities.
- Provide a solid foundation for learning and PEP preparation at Grades 1–3.
- Consolidate learning at the beginning and end of each chapter with objectives and What I have learned activities.

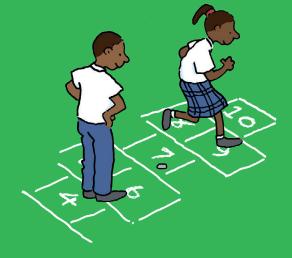






This title is also available as an eBook.

Visit hoddereducation.com/boost to find out more.



HODDER EDUCATION

e: education@hachette.co.uk w: hoddereducation.com



