

## **Explore PSHE for KS3**

## Introduction

This simple grid indicates how lessons within Explore PSHE link to the learning opportunities recommended in the PSHE Association's Key Stage 3 Programme of Study.

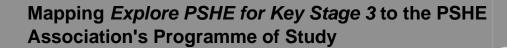
These programmes of study, alongside plenty of other useful information and resources, can be found here:

https://www.pshe-association.org.uk/

Chapter	Lesson	Links to PSHE Programme of Study
1 Introducing PSHE	1.1 What is PSHE?	Students should have the opportunity to learn:  • L3. To set realistic yet ambitious targets and goals (including the transition to Key Stage 3).
	1.2 How will we work together?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:</li> <li>R15. To further develop and rehearse the skills of team working</li> <li>R16. To further develop the skills of active listening, clear communication, negotiation and compromise</li> <li>L3. To set realistic yet ambitious targets and goals (including the transition to Key Stage 3).</li> </ul>



<b>Explore PSHE for</b>	KS3	Links to PSHE Programme of Study
Chapter	Lesson	
2 Growing up	2.1 How is Year 7 different?	Students should have the opportunity to learn:  • H34. Strategies to manage the physical and mental changes that are a typical part of growing up, including puberty and mental wellbeing.
	2.2 What happens at puberty?	Students should have the opportunity to learn:  • H34. Strategies to manage the physical and mental changes that are a typical part of growing up, including puberty and mental wellbeing.
	2.3 Menstrual wellbeing	Students should have the opportunity to learn:  • H34. Strategies to manage the physical and mental changes that are a typical part of growing up, including puberty and mental wellbeing.
	2.4 Personal hygiene	Students should have the opportunity to learn:  • H20. Strategies for maintaining personal hygiene, including oral health, and prevention of infection.
	2.5 Why am I feeling like this?	Students should have the opportunity to learn:  • H34. Strategies to manage the physical and mental changes that are a typical part of growing up, including puberty and mental wellbeing.
	2.6 Why are friends so important?	Students should have the opportunity to learn:  • R1. About different types of relationships, including those within families, friendships, romantic, or intimate relationships and the factors that can affect them
		<ul> <li>R2. Indicators of positive, healthy relationships and unhealthy relationships, including online</li> </ul>





<ul> <li>R9. To clarify and develop personal values in friendships, love and sexual relationships</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>R14. The qualities and behaviours they should expect and exhibit in a wide variety of positive relationships (including in school and wider society, family and friendships, including online)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>R19. To develop conflict management skills and strategies to reconcile disagreements</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>L22. The benefits and positive use of social media, including how it can offer opportunities to engage with a wide variety of views on different issues.</li> </ul>



Explore PSHE for KS3		Links to PSHE Programme of Study
Chapter	Lesson	
3 Relationships  3.1 What are the different types of relationships?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:         <ul> <li>R1. About different types of relationships, including those within families, friendships, romantic, or intimate relationships and the factors that can affect them</li> </ul> </li> <li>R2. Indicators of positive, healthy relationships and unhealthy relationships, including online</li> <li>R14. The qualities and behaviours they should expect and exhibit in a wide variety of positive relationships (including in school and wider society, family and friendships, including online)</li> </ul>	
	3.2 What is a healthy relationship?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:</li> <li>R1. About different types of relationships, including those within families, friendships, romantic, or intimate relationships and the factors that can affect them</li> <li>R2. Indicators of positive, healthy relationships and unhealthy relationships, including online</li> <li>R10. The importance of trust in relationships and the behviours that can undermine or build trust</li> <li>R14. The qualities and behaviours they should expect and exhibit in a wide variety of positive relationships (including in school and wider society, family and friendships, including online)</li> </ul>



3.3 Communication	Students should have the opportunity to learn:  R14. The qualities and behaviours they should expect and exhibit in a wide variety of positive relationships (including in school and wider society, family and friendships, including online)  R16. To further develop the skills of active listening, clear communication, negotiation and compromise  R18. To manage the strong feelings that relationships can cause (including sexual attraction)  R24. That consent is freely given, that being pressurised, manipulated or coerced to agree to something is not giving consent, and how to seek help in such circumstances.
3.4 Is commitment relationships?	Students should have the opportunity to learn:  R1. About different types of relationships, including those within families, friendships, romantic, or intimate relationships and the factors that can affect them  R3. About the similarities, differences and diversity among people of different race, culture, ability, sex, gender identity, age and sexual orientation  R6. That marriage is a legal, social and emotional commitment that should be entered into freely and never forced upon someone through threat or coercion  R35. the roles and responsibilities of parents, carers and children in families.



	<ul> <li>R36. the nature and importance of stable, long-term relationships (including marriage and civil partnerships) for family life and bringing up children</li> </ul>
3.5 Abuse in relationships	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:         <ul> <li>R1. About different types of relationships, including those within families, friendships, romantic, or intimate relationships and the factors that can affect them</li> </ul> </li> <li>R2. Indicators of positive, healthy relationships and unhealthy relationships, including online</li> <li>R14. The qualities and behaviours they should expect and exhibit in a wide variety of positive relationships (including in school and wider society, family and friendships, including online)</li> <li>R37. The characteristics of abusive behaviours, such as grooming, sexual harassment, sexual and emotional abuse, violence and exploitation; to recognise warning signs, including online; how to report abusive behaviours or access support for themselves or others</li> </ul>



Explore PSHE for KS3		Links to PSHE Programme of Study
Chapter	Lesson	
4 Sex, sexuality and sexual health	4.1 Choices around sex	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:</li> <li>R1. About different types of relationships, including those within families friendships, romantic, or intimate relationships and the factors that can affect them</li> <li>R11. To evaluate expectations about gender roles, behaviour and intimacy within romantic relationships</li> <li>R12. That everyone has the choice to delay sex, or to enjoy intimacy without sex</li> <li>R18. To manage the strong feelings that relationships can cause (including sexual attraction)</li> <li>R24. That consent is freely given; that being pressurised, manipulated of coerced to agree to something is not giving consent, and how to seek help in such circumstances</li> <li>R25. About the law relating to sexual consent</li> <li>R28. To gauge readiness for sexual intimacy</li> <li>R42. To recognise peer influence and to develop strategies for managin it, including online</li> </ul>



4.2 Pornography and sexting	Students should have the opportunity to learn:
	<ul> <li>R7. How the media portrays relationships and the potential impact of this on people's expectations of relationships</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>R8. That the portrayal of sex in the media and social media (including pornography) can affect people's expectations of relationships and sex</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>R14. The qualities and behaviours they should expect and exhibit in a wide variety of positive relationships (including in school and wider society, family and friendships, including online)</li> </ul>
	R29. The impact of sharing sexual images of others without consent
	<ul> <li>R30. How to manage any request or pressure to share an image of themselves or others, and how to get help</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>H3. The impact that media and social media can have on how people think about themselves, including regarding body image, physical and mental health</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>L20. That features of the internet can amplify risks and opportunities, e.g. speed and scale of information sharing, blurred public and private boundaries and a perception of anonymity</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>L21. To establish personal values and clear boundaries around aspects of life that they want to remain private; strategies to safely manage personal information and images online, including on social media</li> </ul>



	<ul> <li>L25. To make informed decisions about whether different media and digital content are appropriate to view and develop the skills to act on them</li> <li>L27. To respond appropriately when things go wrong online, including confidently accessing support, reporting to authorities and platforms.</li> </ul>
4.3 Sex and the law	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:</li> <li>R24. That consent is freely given; that being pressurised, manipulated or coerced to agree to something is not giving consent, and how to seek help in such circumstances</li> <li>R25. About the law relating to consent</li> <li>R26. How to seek, give, not give and withdraw consent (in all contexts, including online)</li> <li>R27. That the seeker of consent is legally and morally responsible for ensuring that consent has been given; that if consent is not given or is withdrawn, that decision should always be respected.</li> </ul>
4.4 Conception, pregnancy and birth	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:</li> <li>R33. The risks related to unprotected sex</li> <li>R34. The consequences of unintended pregnancy, sources of support and the options available</li> <li>R11. the roles and responsibilities of parents, carers and children in families</li> </ul>



	H21. How to access health services when appropriate.
4.5 What is contraception?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn: <ul> <li>R33. The risks related to unprotected sex</li> </ul> </li> <li>H21. How to access health services when appropriate</li> <li>H35. About the purpose, importance and different forms of contraception; how and where to access contraception and advice</li> <li>H36. That certain infections can be spread through sexual activity and that barrier contraceptives offer some protection against certain sexually transmitted infections (STIs).</li> </ul>
4.6 What are STIs?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn: <ul> <li>R33. The risks related to unprotected sex</li> </ul> </li> <li>H21. How to access health services when appropriate</li> <li>H35. About the purpose, importance and different forms of contraception; how and where to access contraception and advice</li> <li>H36. That certain infections can be spread through sexual activity and that barrier contraceptives offer some protection against certain sexually transmitted infections (STIs).</li> </ul>



Explore PSHE for KS3		Links to PSHE Programme of Study
Chapter	Lesson	
tobacco	5.1 Drugs – an introduction	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:</li> <li>H23. The positive and negative use of drugs in society including the safe use of prescribed and over the counter medicines; responsible use of antibiotics</li> <li>H24. To evaluate myths, misconceptions, social norms and cultural values relating to drug, alcohol and tobacco use</li> <li>H26. Information about alcohol, nicotine and other legal and illegal substances, including the short-term and long-term health risks associated with their use</li> <li>H28. The law relating to the supply, use and misuse of legal and illegal substances.</li> </ul>
	5.2 Drugs and the law	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:</li> <li>H26. Information about alcohol, nicotine and other legal and illegal substances, including the short-term and long-term health risks associated with their use</li> <li>H28. The law relating to the supply, use and misuse of legal and illegal substances.</li> </ul>
	5.3 Alcohol	Students should have the opportunity to learn:



5.4 Smoking	<ul> <li>H26. Information about alcohol, nicotine and other legal and illegal substances, including the short-term and long-term health risks associated with their use</li> <li>H31. Ways of assessing and reducing risk in relation to health, wellbeing and personal safety.</li> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn: <ul> <li>H21. How to access health services when appropriate</li> </ul> </li> <li>H26. Information about alcohol, nicotine and other legal and illegal substances, including the short-term and long-term health risks associated with their use.</li> </ul>
5.5 The impact of drug taking	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn: <ul> <li>H26. Information about alcohol, nicotine and other legal and illegal substances, including the short-term and long-term health risks associated with their use</li> <li>H27. The personal and social risks and consequences of substance use and misuse including occasional use</li> <li>H29. About the concepts of dependence and addiction including awareness of help to overcome addictions</li> </ul> </li> <li>H31. Ways of assessing and reducing risk in relation to health, wellbeing and personal safety.</li> </ul>



5.6 How do I manage situations	Students should have the opportunity to learn:
involving drugs?	<ul> <li>R20. To manage the influence of drugs and alcohol on decision-making within relationships and social situations</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>R42. To recognise peer influence and to develop strategies for managing it, including online</li> </ul>
	R44. That the need for peer approval can generate feelings of pressure and lead to increased risk-taking; strategies to manage this
	<ul> <li>H25. Strategies to manage a range of influences on drug, alcohol and tobacco use, including peers</li> </ul>
	H27. The personal and social risks and consequences of substance use and misuse including occasional use
	<ul> <li>H31. Ways of assessing and reducing risk in relation to health, wellbeing and personal safety</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>H33. How to get help in an emergency and perform basic first aid, including cardio-pulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and the use of defibrillators.</li> </ul>



Explore PSHE for KS3		Links to PSHE Programme of Study
Chapter	Lesson	
6 Emotional wellbeing and mental health	6.1 What are 'emotional wellbeing' and 'mental health'?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:</li> <li>H2. To understand what can affect wellbeing and resilience (e.g. life changes, relationships, achievements and employment)</li> <li>H7. The characteristics of mental and emotional health and strategies for managing these</li> <li>H8. The link between language and mental health stigma and develop strategies to challenge stigma, myths and misconceptions associated with help-seeking and mental health concerns</li> <li>H12. How to recognise when they or others need help with their mental health and wellbeing; sources of help and support and strategies for accessing what they need.</li> </ul>
	6.2 What is 'resilience'?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn: <ul> <li>H1. How we are all unique; that recognising and demonstrating personal strengths build self-confidence; self-esteem and good health and wellbeing</li> <li>H2. To understand what can affect wellbeing and resilience (e.g. life changes, relationships, achievements and employment)</li> <li>H4. Simple strategies to help build resilience to negative opinions, judgments and comments</li> </ul> </li></ul>



	H9. Strategies to understand and build resilience, as well as how to respond to disappointments and setbacks.
6.3 Feelings and how to manage them	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:</li> <li>R1. About different types of relationships, including those within families, friendships, romantic or intimate relationships and the factors that can affect them</li> <li>R18. To manage the strong feelings that relationships can cause (including sexual attraction)</li> <li>H2. To understand what can affect wellbeing and resilience (e.g. life changes, relationships, achievements and employment)</li> <li>H6. How to identify and articulate a range of emotions accurately and sensitively, using appropriate vocabulary.</li> </ul>
6.4 What impacts on emotional wellbeing?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn: <ul> <li>R1. About different types of relationships, including those within families, friendships, romantic or intimate relationships and the factors that can affect them</li> </ul> </li> <li>R18. To manage the strong feelings that relationships can cause (including sexual attraction)</li> <li>H2. To understand what can affect wellbeing and resilience (e.g. life changes, relationships, achievements and employment)</li> </ul>



	<ul> <li>H3. The impact that media and social media can have on how people think about themselves, including regarding body image, physical and mental health</li> <li>H5. To recognise and manage internal and external influences on decisions which affect health and wellbeing</li> <li>H11. The causes and triggers for unhealthy coping strategies, such as self-harm and eating disorders, and the need to seek help for themselves or others as soon as possible</li> <li>H12. How to recognise when they or others need help with their mental health and wellbeing; sources of help and support and strategies for accessing what they need</li> <li>H27. The personal and social risks and consequences of substance use and misuse including occasional use.</li> </ul>
6.5 How do I cope with loss and bereavement?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:</li> <li>R18. To manage the strong feelings that relationships can cause (including sexual attraction)</li> <li>R22. The effects of change, including loss, separation, divorce and bereavement; strategies for managing these and accessing support</li> <li>H2. To understand what can affect wellbeing and resilience (e.g. life changes, relationships, achievements and employment)</li> </ul>



	<ul> <li>H7. The characteristics of mental and emotional health and strategies f managing these.</li> </ul>
6.6 Recognising the signs of mental illness	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn: <ul> <li>H2. To understand what can affect wellbeing and resilience (e.g. life changes, relationships, achievements and employment)</li> </ul> </li> <li>H7. The characteristics of mental and emotional health and strategies f managing these</li> <li>H11. The causes and triggers for unhealthy coping strategies, such as self-harm and eating disorders, and the need to seek help for themselv or others as soon as possible</li> <li>H12. How to recognise when they or others need help with their mental health and wellbeing; sources of help and support and strategies for accessing what they need.</li> </ul>
6.7 Ways to look after emotional wellbeing – self-care strategies	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn: <ul> <li>H1. How we are all unique; that recognising and demonstrating personal strengths build self-confidence; self-esteem and good health and wellbeing</li> <li>H2. To understand what can affect wellbeing and resilience (e.g. life changes, relationships, achievements and employment)</li> <li>H4. Simple strategies to help build resilience to negative opinions, judgments and comments</li> </ul> </li></ul>



	<ul> <li>H9. Strategies to understand and build resilience, as well as how to respond to disappointments and setbacks</li> <li>H10. A range of healthy coping strategies and ways to promote wellbeing and boost mood, including physical activity, participation and the value of positive relationships in providing support</li> <li>L3. To set realistic yet ambitious targets and goals.</li> </ul>
6.8 Who can help? – support services	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:         <ul> <li>H10. A range of healthy coping strategies and ways to promote wellbeing and boost mood, including physical activity, participation and the value of positive relationships in providing support</li> </ul> </li> <li>H12. How to recognise when they or others need help with their mental health and wellbeing; sources of help and support and strategies for accessing what they need.</li> </ul>



Explore PSHE for KS3		Links to PSHE Programme of Study
Chapter	Lesson	
7 Healthy Lifestyle	7.1 What do we need to keep healthy?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn: <ul> <li>The importance of, and strategies for, maintaining a balance between school, work, leisure, exercise and online activities</li> </ul> </li> <li>H14. The benefits of physical activity and exercise for physical and mental health and wellbeing</li> <li>H15. The importance of sleep and strategies to maintain good quality sleep</li> <li>H17. The role of a balanced diet as part of a healthy lifestyle and the impact of unhealthy food choices</li> <li>H19. The importance of taking increased responsibility for their own physical health including dental check-ups, sun safety and self-examination (especially testicular self-examination in late KS3); the purpose of vaccinations offered during adolescence for individuals and society.</li> </ul>
	7.2 Healthy Eating	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:</li> <li>H17. The role of a balanced diet as part of a healthy lifestyle and the impact of unhealthy food choices</li> <li>H18. What might influence decisions about eating a balanced diet and strategies to manage eating choices</li> </ul>



7.3 Exercise	Students should have the opportunity to learn:
THE EXELUTION	H13. The importance of, and strategies for, maintaining a balance between school, work, leisure, exercise, and online activities
	<ul> <li>H14. The benefits of physical activity and exercise for physical and mental health and wellbeing</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>H16. To recognise and manage what influences their choices about physical activity.</li> </ul>
7.4 Things that support our health	Students should have the opportunity to learn:
	H15. The importance of sleep and strategies to maintain good quality sleep
	<ul> <li>H19. The importance of taking increased responsibility for their own physical health including dental check-ups, sun safety and self- examination (especially testicular self-examination in late KS3); the purpose of vaccinations offered during adolescence for individuals and society</li> </ul>
	H20. Strategies for maintaining personal hygiene, including oral health, and prevention of infection
	H21. How to access health services when appropriate
	<ul> <li>H23. The positive and negative uses of drugs in society including the safe use of prescribed and over the counter medicines; responsible use of antibiotics.</li> </ul>



7.5 When health goes wrong	Students should have the opportunity to learn:  • H19. The importance of taking increased responsibility for their own physical health, including dental check-ups, sun safety and self-examination (especially testicular self-examination in late KS3); the purpose of vaccinations offered during adolescence for individuals and society
	<ul> <li>H21. How to access health services when appropriate</li> <li>H33. How to get help in an emergency and perform basic first aid, including cardio-pulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and the use of defibrillators.</li> </ul>



Explore PSHE for KS3		Links to PSHE Programme of Study
Chapter	Lesson	
8 Risk and Safety	8.1 What do we mean by 'risk'?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn: <ul> <li>H30. How to identify risk and manage personal safety in increasingly independent situations, including online</li> </ul> </li> <li>H31. Ways of assessing and reducing risk in relation to health, wellbeing and personal safety</li> <li>L20. That features of the internet can amplify risks and opportunities, e.g. speed and scale of information sharing, blurred public and private boundaries and a perception of anonymity.</li> </ul>
	8.2 How do we manage risky situations?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:</li> <li>H30. How to identify risk and manage personal safety in increasingly independent situations, including online</li> <li>H31. Ways of assessing and reducing risk in relation to health, wellbeing and personal safety</li> <li>L20. That features of the internet can amplify risks and opportunities, e.g. speed and scale of information sharing, blurred public and private boundaries and a perception of anonymity</li> <li>L21. To establish personal values and clear boundaries around aspects of life that they want to remain private; strategies to safely manage personal information and images online, including on social media</li> </ul>



	<ul> <li>L24. To understand how the way people present themselves online can have positive and negative impacts on them.</li> </ul>
8.3 Being assertive and dealing with pressure	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn: <ul> <li>R13. How to safely and responsibly form, maintain and manage positive relationships, including online</li> </ul> </li> <li>R14. The qualities and behaviours they should expect and exhibit in a wide variety of positive relationships (including in school and wider society, family and friendships, including online)</li> <li>R16. To further develop the skills of active listening, clear communication, negotiation and compromise</li> <li>R42. To recognise peer influence and to develop strategies for managing it, including online</li> <li>R43. The role peers can play in supporting one another to resist pressure and influence, change harmful social norms and access appropriate support.</li> </ul>
8.4 Bullying	<ul> <li>R3. About the similarities, differences and diversity among people of different race, culture, ability, sex, gender, identity, age and sexual orientation</li> <li>R14. The qualities and behaviours they should expect and exhibit in a wide variety of positive relationships (including in school and wider society, family and friendships, including online)</li> </ul>



	<ul> <li>R37. The characteristics of abusive behaviours, such as grooming, sexual harassment, sexual and emotional abuse, violence and exploitation to recognise warning signs, including online; how to report abusive behaviours or access support for themselves or others</li> <li>R38. To recognise bullying, and its impact, in all its forms, the skills and strategies to manage being targeted or witnessing others being bullied</li> <li>L27. To respond appropriately when things go wrong online, including confidently accessing support, reporting to authorities and platforms.</li> </ul>
8.5 Gambling	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn: <ul> <li>H32. The risks associated with gambling and recognise that chance-based transactions can carry similar risks; strategies for managing pee and other influences relating to gambling</li> <li>L15. To assess and manage risk in relation to financial decisions that young people might make</li> <li>L19. To recognise financial exploitation in different contexts e.g. drug and money mules, online scams.</li> </ul> </li></ul>
8.6 Gangs and knife crime	Students should have the opportunity to learn:  • R14. The qualities and behaviours they should expect and exhibit in a wide variety of positive relationships (including in school and wider society, family and friendships, including online)



	<ul> <li>R43. The role peers can play in supporting one another to resist pressure and influence, challenge harmful social norms and access appropriate support</li> <li>R44. That the need for peer approval can generate feeling of pressur and lead to increased risk-taking; strategies to manage this</li> <li>R45. About the factors that contribute to young people joining gangs, the social, legal and physical consequences of gang behaviour</li> <li>R46. Strategies to manage pressure to join a gang, exit strategies and how to access appropriate support</li> <li>R47. Motivations, misconceptions and consequences of carrying weapons and strategies for managing pressure to carry a weapon</li> <li>H30. How to identify risk and manage personal safety in increasingly independent situations, including online.</li> </ul>
8.7 Female Genital Mutilation (FGM)	Students should have the opportunity to learn:  • H22. The risks and myths associated with female genital mutilation (FGM), its status as a criminal act and strategies to safely access support for themselves or others who may be at risk, or who have already been subject to FGM.
8.8 First aid and CPR	Students should have the opportunity to learn:  • H30. How to identify risk and manage personal safety in increasingly independent situations, including online



	<ul> <li>H33. How to get help in an emergency and perform basic first aid, including cardio-pulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and the use of defibrillators.</li> </ul>
8.9 Who can help?	Students have the opportunity to learn:  • H12. How to recognise when they or others need help with their mental health and wellbeing; sources of help and support and strategies for accessing what they need
	H21. How to access health services when appropriate.



Explore PSHE for KS3		Links to PSHE Programme of Study
Chapter	Lesson	
9 Identity	9.1 Who am I?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn: <ul> <li>R3. About the similarities, differences and diversity among people of different race, culture, ability, sex, gender, identify, age and sexual orientation</li> </ul> </li> <li>R9. To clarify and develop personal values in friendships, love and sexual relationships</li> <li>H1. How we are all unique, that recognising and demonstrating personal strengths build self-confidence, self-esteem and good health and wellbeing.</li> </ul>
	9.2 What does family mean?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn: <ul> <li>R1. About different types of relationships, including those within families, friendships, romantic or intimate relationships and the factors that affect them</li> </ul> </li> <li>R14. the qualities and behaviours they should expect and exhibit in a wide variety of positive relationships (including in school and wider society, family and friendships, including online)</li> <li>R18. To manage the strong feelings that relationships can cause (including sexual attraction)</li> <li>R35. The roles and responsibilities of parents, carers and children in families</li> </ul>



9.3 How can I contribute to family life?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn: <ul> <li>R1. About different types of relationships, including those within families, friendships, romantic or intimate relationships and the factors that affect them</li> <li>R14. the qualities and behaviours they should expect and exhibit in a wide variety of positive relationships (including in school and wider society, family and friendships, including online)</li> <li>R15. To further develop and rehearse the skills of team working</li> <li>R16. To further develop the skills of active listening, clear communication, negotiation and compromise</li> <li>R18. To manage the strong feelings that relationships can cause (including sexual attraction)</li> </ul> </li></ul>
9.4 Gender identity	<ul> <li>R35. The roles and responsibilities of parents, carers and children in families.</li> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn: <ul> <li>R3. About the similarities, differences and diversity among people of different race, culture, ability, sex, gender, identify, age and sexual orientation</li> </ul> </li> <li>R4. The difference between biological sex, gender identity and sexual orientation</li> <li>R41. The need to promote inclusion and challenge discrimination, and how to do so safely, including online.</li> </ul>



9.5 Stereotypes	<ul> <li>R3. About the similarities, differences and diversity among people of different race, culture, ability, sex, gender, identify, age and sexual orientation</li> <li>R14. the qualities and behaviours they should expect and exhibit in a wide variety of positive relationships (including in school and wider society, family and friendships, including online)</li> <li>R39. The impact of stereotyping, prejudice and discrimination on individuals and relationships</li> <li>R40. About the unacceptability of prejudice-based language and behaviour, offline and online, including sexism, homophobia, biphobia, transphobia, racism, ableism and faith-based prejudice</li> <li>R41. The need to promote inclusion and challenge discrimination, and how to do so safely, including online</li> <li>L10. To recognise and challenge stereotypes and family or cultural expectations that may limit aspirations</li> <li>L23. To recognise the importance of seeking a variety of perspectives on issues and ways of accessing the evidence which supports those views.</li> </ul>
9.6 Faith and values	Students should have the opportunity to learn:  R3. About the similarities, differences and diversity among people of different race, culture, sex, gender, identity, age and sexual orientation



	<ul> <li>R9. To clarify and develop personal values in friendships, love and sexual relationships</li> <li>H1. How we are all unique; that recognising and demonstrating personal strengths build self-confidence, self-esteem and good health and wellbeing</li> <li>L2. To review their strengths, interests, skills, qualities and values and how to develop them.</li> </ul>
9.7 How am I doing?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn: <ul> <li>R14. The qualities and behaviours they should expect and exhibit in a wide variety of positive relationships (including in school and wider society, family and friendships, including online)</li> <li>H1. How we are all unique; that recognizing and demonstrating personal strengths build self-confidence, self-esteem and good health and wellbeing</li> <li>L2. To review their strengths, interests, skills, qualities and values and how to develop them</li> </ul> </li></ul>
9.8 What are my rights and responsibilities?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:</li> <li>R3. About the similarities, differences and diversity among people of different race, culture, sex, gender, identity, age and sexual orientation</li> <li>R41. The need to promote inclusion and challenge discrimination, and how to do so safely, including online.</li> </ul>



Explore PSHE for KS3		Links to PSHE Programme of Study
Chapter	Lesson	
10 Communities		<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:</li> <li>R3. About the similarities, differences and diversity among people of different race, culture, sex, gender, identity, age and sexual orientation</li> <li>R41. The need to promote inclusion and challenge discrimination, and how to do so safely, including online</li> <li>H1. How we are all unique; that recognising and demonstrating personal strengths build self-confidence, self-esteem and good health and wellbeing.</li> </ul>
	10.2 How do I feel about difference?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:</li> <li>R2. Indicators of positive, healthy relationships and unhealthy relationships, including online</li> <li>R3. About the similarities, differences and diversity among people of different race, culture, sex, gender, identity, age and sexual orientation</li> <li>R5. To recognise that sexual attraction and sexuality are diverse</li> <li>R39. The impact of stereotyping, prejudice and discrimination on individuals and relationships</li> </ul>



	<ul> <li>R40. About the unacceptability of prejudice-based language and behaviour, offline and online, including sexism, homophobia, biphobia, transphobia, racism, ableism and faith-based prejudice</li> <li>R41. The need to promote inclusion and challenge discrimination, and how to do so safely, including online</li> <li>H1. How we are all unique; that recognising and demonstrating personal strengths build self-confidence, self-esteem and good health and wellbeing.</li> </ul>
10.3 How can we value each other?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:</li> <li>R3. About the similarities, differences and diversity among people of different race, culture, sex, gender, identity, age and sexual orientation</li> <li>R41. The need to promote inclusion and challenge discrimination, and how to do so safely, including online</li> <li>H1. How we are all unique; that recognising and demonstrating personal strengths build self-confidence, self-esteem and good health and wellbeing.</li> </ul>
10.4 What makes a successful community?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:         <ul> <li>R14. The qualities and behaviours they should expect and exhibit in a wide variety of positive relationships (including in school and wider society, family and friendships, including online)</li> </ul> </li> <li>R15. To further develop and rehearse the skills of team working</li> </ul>



	<ul> <li>R16. To further develop the skills of active listening, clear communication, negotiation and compromise</li> <li>R41. The need to promote inclusion and challenge discrimination, and how to do so safely, including online.</li> </ul>
10.5 What can cause problems in communities?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:</li> <li>R14. The qualities and behaviours they should expect and exhibit in a wide variety of positive relationships (including in school and wider society, family and friendships, including online)</li> <li>R15. To further develop and rehearse the skills of team working</li> <li>R16. To further develop the skills of active listening, clear communication, negotiation and compromise</li> <li>R19. To develop conflict management skills and strategies to reconcile after disagreements</li> <li>R23. The services available to support healthy relationships and manage unhealthy relationships; and how to access them.</li> </ul>
10.6 Hate crime and radicalisation	Students should have the opportunity to learn:  • R2. Indicators of positive, healthy relationships and unhealthy relationships, including online



	R3. About the similarities, differences and diversity among people of different race, culture, ability, sex, gender identity, age and sexual orientation
	R38. To recognise bullying, and its impact, in all its forms; the skills and strategies to manage being targeted or witnessing others being bullied.
	<ul> <li>R39. The impact of stereotyping, prejudice and discrimination on individuals and relationships</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>R40. About the unacceptability of prejudice-based language and behaviour, offline and online, including sexism, homophobia, biphobia, transphobia, racism, ableism and faith-based prejudice</li> </ul>
	R41. The need to promote inclusion and challenge discrimination, and how to do so safely, including online
	<ul> <li>L26. That on any issue there will be a range of viewpoints; to recognise the potential influence of extreme views on people's attitudes and behaivours.</li> </ul>
10.7 How can I contribute to my community?	Students should have the opportunity to learn:  • H10. A range of healthy coping strategies and ways to promote wellbeing and boost mood, including physical activity, participation and the value of positive relationships in providing support
	<ul> <li>L11. Different types and patterns of work, including employment, self- employment and voluntary work; that everyone has a different pathway through life, education and work.</li> </ul>



10. do?	8 What do voluntary agencies	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:</li> <li>R15. To further develop and rehearse the skills of team working</li> <li>R16. To further develop the skills of active listening, clear communication, negotiation and compromise</li> <li>R17. Strategies to identify and reduce risk form people online that they do not already know; when and how to access help</li> <li>R23. The services available to support healthy relationships and manage unhealthy relationships, and how to access them</li> <li>H21. How to access health services when appropriate</li> <li>H3. How to accept helpful feedback or reject unhelpful criticism</li> <li>H11. The causes and triggers for unhealthy coping strategies, such as self-harm and eating disorders, and the need to seek help for themselves or others as soon as possible.</li> </ul>
	9 How can we challenge judice and discrimination?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:</li> <li>R3. About the similarities, differences and diversity among people of different race, culture, ability, sex, gender identity, age and sexual orientation</li> <li>R39. The impact of stereotyping, prejudice and discrimination on individuals and relationships</li> </ul>



<ul> <li>R40. About the unacceptability of prejudice-based language and behaviour, offline and online, including sexism, homophobia, biphobia, transphobia, racism, ableism and faith-based prejudice</li> <li>R41. The need to promote inclusion and challenge discrimination, and how to do so safely, including online</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>L23. To recognise the importance of seeking a variety of perspectives on issues and ways of accessing the evidence which supports those views.</li> </ul>

Explore PSHE for KS3		Links to PSHE Programme of Study
Chapter	Lesson	
11 Planning for the future	11.1 What are my aspirations?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:</li> <li>H1. How we are all unique; that recognising and demonstrating personal strengths build self-confidence, self-esteem and good health and wellbeing</li> <li>L2. To review their strengths, interests, skills, qualities and values and how to develop them</li> <li>L3. To set realistic yet ambitious targets and goals</li> <li>L9. The benefits of setting ambitious goals and being open to opportunities in all aspects of life</li> </ul>



11.2 How do I work best with	<ul> <li>L10. To recognise and challenge stereotypes and family or cultural expectations that may limit aspirations</li> <li>L11. Different types and patterns for work, including employment, self-employment and voluntary work; that everyone has a different pathway through life, education and work</li> <li>L12. About different work roles and career pathways, including clarifying their own early aspirations</li> <li>L14. To manage emotions in relation to future employment.</li> </ul>
others?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:</li> <li>R14. The qualities and behaviours they should expect and exhibit in a wide variety of positive relationships (including in school and wider society, family and friendships, including online)</li> <li>R15. To further develop and rehearse the skills of team working</li> <li>R16. To further develop the skills of active listening, clear communication, negotiation and compromise</li> <li>H1. How we are all unique; that recognising and demonstrating personal strengths build self-confidence, self-esteem and good health and wellbeing</li> <li>L2. To review their strengths, interests, skills, qualities and values and how to develop them</li> </ul>



	<ul> <li>L4. The skills and attributes that employers value</li> <li>L11. different types and patterns of work, including employment, self-employment and voluntary work; that everyone has a different pathway through life, education and work.</li> </ul>
11.3 Skills for working with others	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:</li> <li>R14. The qualities and behaviours they should expect and exhibit in a wide variety of positive relationships (including in school and wider society, family and friendships, including online)</li> <li>R15. To further develop and rehearse the skills of team working</li> <li>R16. To further develop the skills of active listening, clear communication, negotiation and compromise</li> <li>H1. How we are all unique; that recognising and demonstrating personal strengths build self-confidence, self-esteem and good health and wellbeing</li> <li>L2. To review their strengths, interests, skills, qualities and values and how to develop them</li> <li>L4. The skills and attributes that employers value.</li> </ul>
11.4 Goal setting	Students should have the opportunity to learn:  • L1. Study, organisational, research and presentation skills



		<ul> <li>L2. To review their strengths, interests, skills, qualities and values and how to develop them</li> <li>L3. To set realistic yet ambitious targets and goals</li> <li>L9. The benefits of setting ambitious goals and being open to opportunities in all aspects of life.</li> </ul>
11.5	How do I plan for my future?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn: <ul> <li>H1. How we are all unique; that recognising and demonstrating personal strengths build self-confidence, self-esteem and good health and wellbeing</li> <li>L2. To review their strengths, interests, skills, qualities and values and how to develop them</li> <li>L9. The benefits of setting ambitious goals and being open to opportunities in all aspects of life</li> <li>L11. different types and patterns of work, including employment, self-employment and voluntary work; that everyone has a different pathway through life, education and work</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
11.6	My personal brand	<ul> <li>L14. To manage emotions in relation to future employment.</li> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:</li> <li>H1. How we are all unique; that recognising and demonstrating personal strengths build self-confidence, self-esteem and good health and wellbeing</li> </ul>



	<ul> <li>L2. To review their strengths, interests, skills, qualities and values and how to develop them</li> <li>L21. To establish personal values and clear boundaries around aspects of life that they want to remain private; strategies to safely manage personal information and images online, including on social media</li> <li>L24. To understand how the way people present themselves online can have positive and negative impacts on them.</li> </ul>
11.7 What do I need to plan for?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn: <ul> <li>H1. How we are all unique; that recognising and demonstrating personal strengths build self-confidence, self-esteem and good health and wellbeing</li> <li>L1. Study, organisational, research and presentation skills</li> <li>L2. To review their strengths, interests, skills, qualities and values and how to develop them</li> <li>L3. To set realistic yet ambitious targets and goals</li> <li>L4. The skills and attributes that employers value</li> <li>L9. The benefits of setting ambitious goals and being open to opportunities in all aspects of life.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>



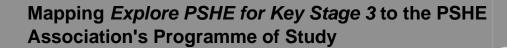
11.8 What opportunities are out there for me?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:</li> <li>L2. To review their strengths, interests, skills, qualities and values and how to develop them</li> <li>L7. About the options available to them at the end of Key Stage 3, sources of information, advice and support, and the skills to manage this decision-making process</li> <li>L8. About routes into work, training and other vocational and academic opportunities and progression routes</li> <li>L10. To recognise and challenge stereotypes and family or cultural expectations that may limit aspirations</li> <li>L12. About different work roles and career pathways, including clarifying their own early aspirations.</li> </ul>
11.9 How do I improve my prospects?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn: <ul> <li>L2. To review their strengths, interests, skills, qualities and values and how to develop them</li> <li>L3. To set realistic yet ambitious targets and goals</li> <li>L4. The skills and attributes that employers value</li> <li>L6. The importance and benefits of being a lifelong learner</li> <li>L9. The benefits of setting ambitious goals and being open to opportunities in all aspects of life</li> </ul> </li> </ul>



	<ul> <li>L7. About the options available to them at the end of Key Stage 3, sources of information, advice and support, and the skills to manage this decision-making process.</li> </ul>
11.10 What does the law say about work?	Students should have the opportunity to learn:  • L13. About young people's employment rights and responsibilities.



Explore PSHE for KS3		Links to PSHE Programme of Study
Chapter	Lesson	
12 Money and Me	12.1 How do I save and how do I budget?	Students should have the opportunity to learn:  L3. To set realistic yet ambitious targets and goals  L15. To assess and manage risk in relation to financial decisions that young people might make
		<ul> <li>L16. About values and attitudes relating to finance, including debt</li> <li>L17. To manage emotions in relation to money</li> <li>L18. To evaluate social and moral dilemmas about the use of money,</li> </ul>
	12.2 What influences our spending?	<ul> <li>Students should have the opportunity to learn:         <ul> <li>L16. About values and attitudes relating to finance, including debt</li> </ul> </li> <li>L18. To evaluate social and moral dilemmas about the use of money, including the influence of advertising and peers on financial decisions</li> </ul>
	12.3 How enterprising am I?	Students should have the opportunity to learn:  R15. To further develop and rehearse the skills of team working  H4. Simple strategies to help build resilience to negative opinions, judgements and comments  L1. Study, organisational, research and presentation skills





	L5. The skills and qualities required to engage in enterprise
	<ul> <li>L9. The benefits of setting ambitious goals and being open to opportunities in all aspects of life.</li> </ul>