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## Revision

# Harold Wilson

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Test your knowledge of Harold Wilson with these multiple-choice questions. Answers can be found on the final page of this PDF.

1. Who did Wilson replace as Labour leader?
  - a. Gaitskell
  - b. Attlee
  - c. Bevan
2. Who was the Conservative leader in 1964?
  - a. Macmillan
  - b. Home
  - c. Churchill
3. What was Wilson's majority in 1964?
  - a. 25
  - b. 17
  - c. 4
4. How many more seats than the Conservatives did Labour win in 1966?
  - a. 55
  - b. 70
  - c. 110
5. Who did Wilson appoint as home secretary?
  - a. Castle
  - b. Jenkins
  - c. Crossman
6. What was the voting age when Wilson came to power?
  - a. 25
  - b. 21
  - c. 18

7. What was the name of the proposal to reform trade unions in 1969?
  - a. Industrial Relations Act
  - b. The Social Contract
  - c. In Place of Strife
8. When was the proposal brought in?
  - a. 1968
  - b. 1969
  - c. 1970
9. Which new ministry was created by the Labour government of 1964–70?
  - a. DEA
  - b. DEFRA
  - c. NBPI
10. What plan was introduced in September 1965 to boost economic growth?
  - a. Regional Plan
  - b. National Board for Prices and Incomes
  - c. National Plan
11. How many people were unemployed in 1964?
  - a. 1.7 million
  - b. 2.3 million
  - c. 2.5 million
12. When did the seamen go on strike?
  - a. 1965
  - b. 1966
  - c. 1967
13. The pound was devalued in 1967. What was it worth as a result?
  - a. \$2.80
  - b. \$2.60
  - c. \$2.40
14. Who replaced Callaghan as chancellor in 1967?
  - a. Jenkins
  - b. Castle
  - c. Crossman

15. When were prescription charges reintroduced?
- a. 1966
  - b. 1967
  - c. 1968
16. Who led the new Ministry of Employment and Productivity?
- a. Castle
  - b. Healey
  - c. Callaghan
17. When was the Department of Economic Affairs closed down?
- a. 1968
  - b. 1969
  - c. 1970
18. Who was the home secretary responsible for bringing in a range of social reforms?
- a. Crossman
  - b. Jenkins
  - c. Healey
19. What was the Conservative majority in 1970?
- a. 36
  - b. 46
  - c. 56
20. What was the Labour majority after the second election of 1974?
- a. 5
  - b. 4
  - c. 3
21. Who did Wilson appoint as secretary of state for industry in 1974?
- a. Jones
  - b. Benn
  - c. Foot
22. When did Labour hold a referendum over remaining in the EEC?
- a. 1975
  - b. 1976
  - c. 1977

23. Who was chancellor from 1974 to 1979?

- a. Callaghan
- b. Healey
- c. Foot

24. When did Wilson resign as prime minister and Labour leader?

- a. January 1976
- b. February 1976
- c. March 1976

25. Who replaced Wilson as prime minister?

- a. Callaghan
- b. Foot
- c. Thatcher

**Answers can be found on the next page.**

## Answers

- 1 a
- 2 b
- 3 c
- 4 c
- 5 b
- 6 b
- 7 c
- 8 b
- 9 a
- 10 c
- 11 a
- 12 b
- 13 c

- 14 a
- 15 c
- 16 a
- 17 b
- 18 b
- 19 a
- 20 c
- 21 b
- 22 a
- 23 b
- 24 c
- 25 a

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